Python

Python is an object oriented programming language which is platform independent which is used to develop applications for web, scientific, mathematical computations, AI, Datascience, Machine Learning.

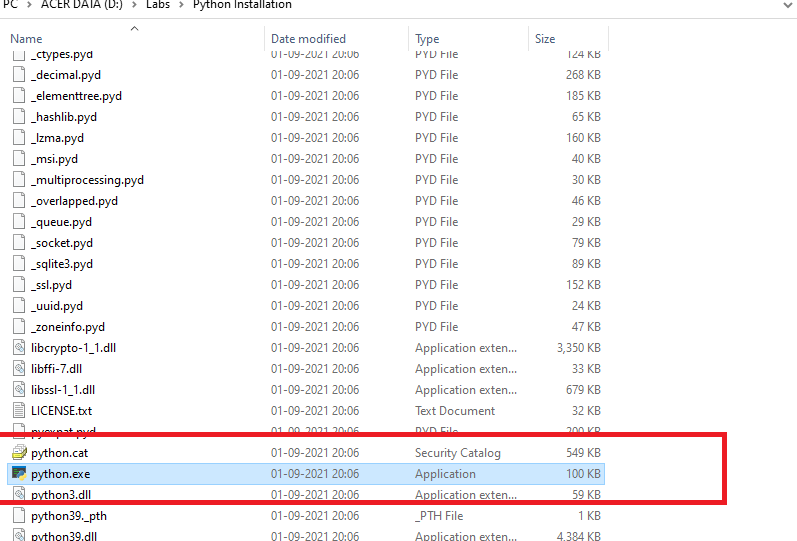
It is easier to write & understand, you don’t have to compile you can directly run it.

It is one of the more widely used object oriented programming language after Java

Downloading python

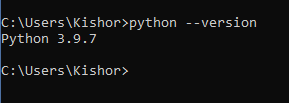
* You can download the installation zip from the python website
* Unzip the installation folder

Note: You can run the python program without compiling, using python command, once you get the installation directory you can notice a python.exe file



You need to set this location in the system environment variable

How to verify the python installation



Python enables programmers to write programs in a compact & better readable way, most of the codes in python are shorter than C, C++ and Java

Features of python

1. It is very simple to understand
2. Free & Open Source
3. Portable: You can move code from one platform to another platform without changing
4. Most of the complex operations can be done in single statement
5. It is interactive which allows you to directly write & run programs without any editor, i.e., it gives you the terminal where you can write python programs & run it
6. It is object oriented
7. Simple syntax
8. It is not strict like you don’t have to write semi-colons, no need to write types for variables, returns types for functions
9. It forces you to follow some good practices like proper indentation, which makes beginners to learn the language easily

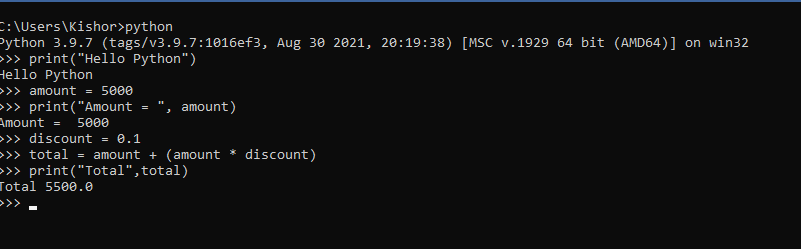
Applications using python

1. Amazon
2. Instagram
3. Mozilla

Python programs

# It is used to comment, it’s a single line comment, python has only single line comment, but multiline comment is written in different way ‘’’….‘’’

Simple calculation in python



Notice that variables are not created with any datatypes and also no python file is created.

To come out from the python terminal use Control + Z and hit enter.

When you are using print(), you can only concatenate string not other types of values

name = “Alex”

print(“Name = “+name); // ok

salary = 35000

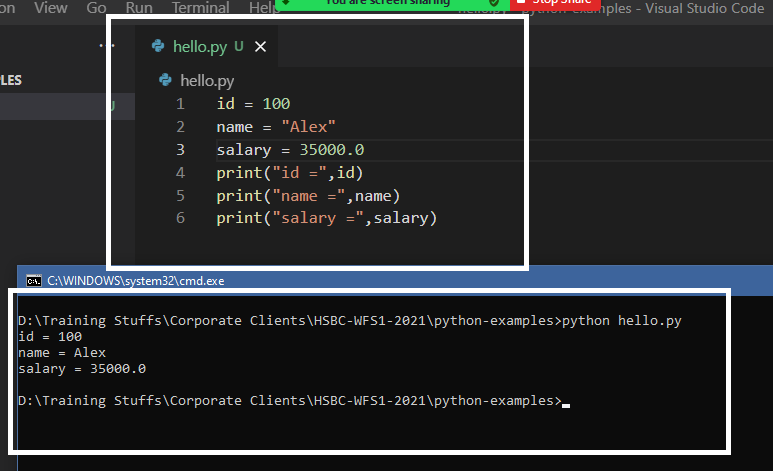
print(“Salary = “+salary); // gives error

Python has an inbuilt function type(variable\_name) which returns the type of value a variable has stored.

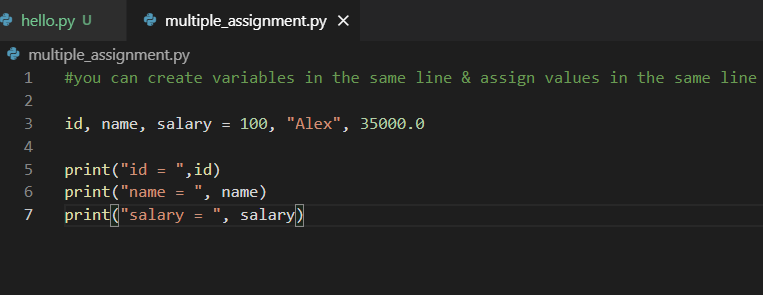
You can perform assignment to multiple variables in the same line in python

a,b,c = 10, 20, 30

Here a = 10, b = 20, c = 30



Multiple assignment in the same line



How to take input from the keyboard

We have input() it waits for the input from the user, you can also pass a message in the input like input(“Enter value”) which is displayed while asking the input

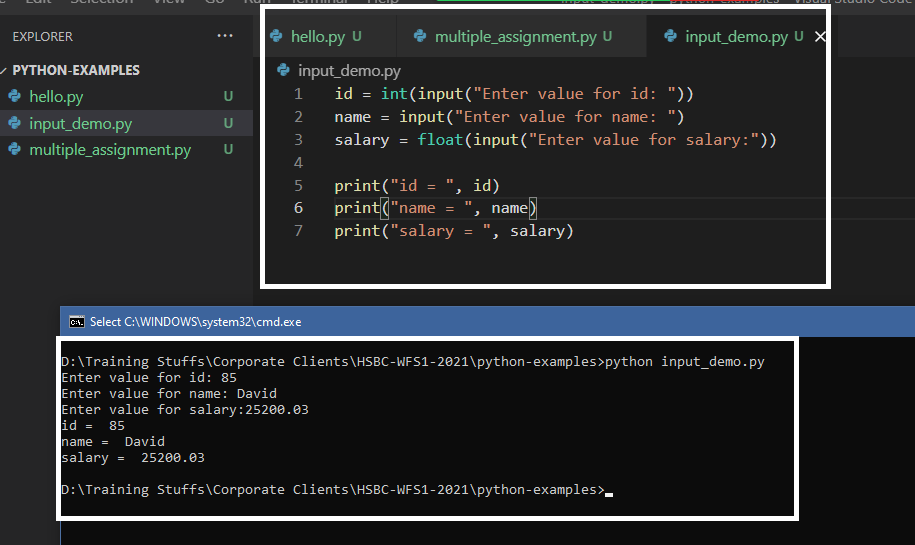
input() returns string by default, but if you want a specific type of value you can use the type like int, float,

x = input(“Enter value”)

y = int(input(“Enter value”))

z = float(input(“Enter value”))

Taking input example



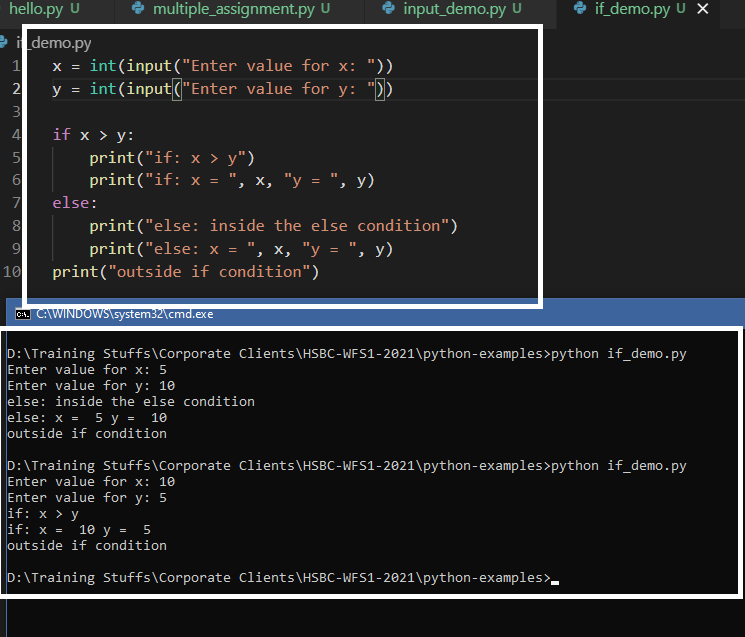
Operators

+, -, \*, /, =, !=, ==, <, >, <=, >=, |, &, %, ^

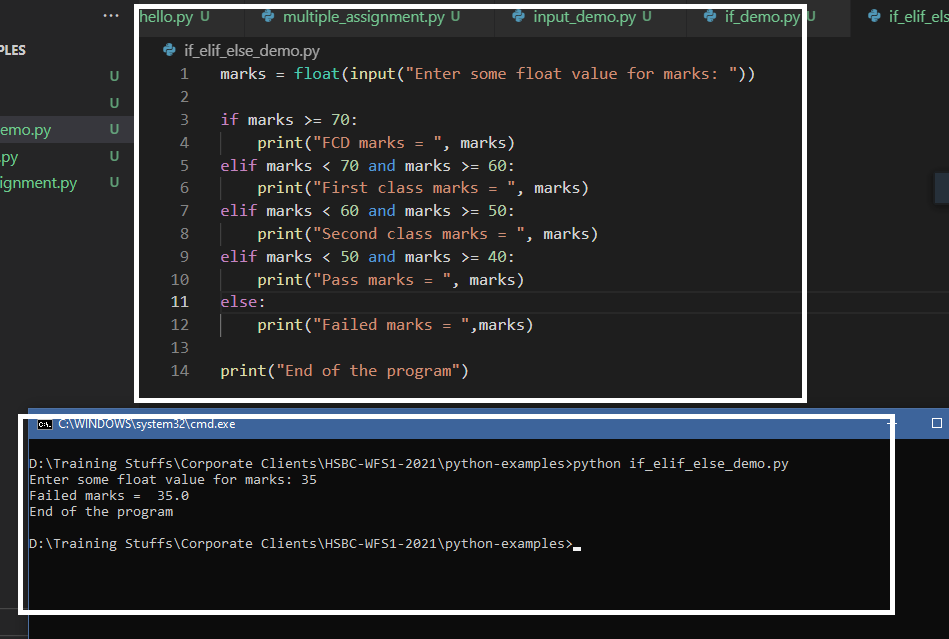
Control Statements

1. if
2. if elif elif else
3. for loop
4. while loop

if else example

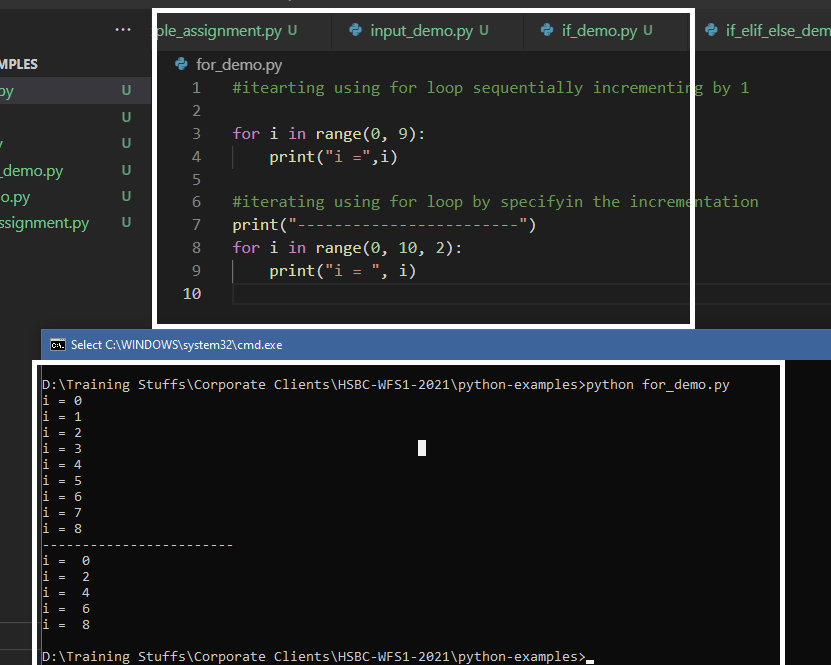


if elif elif example

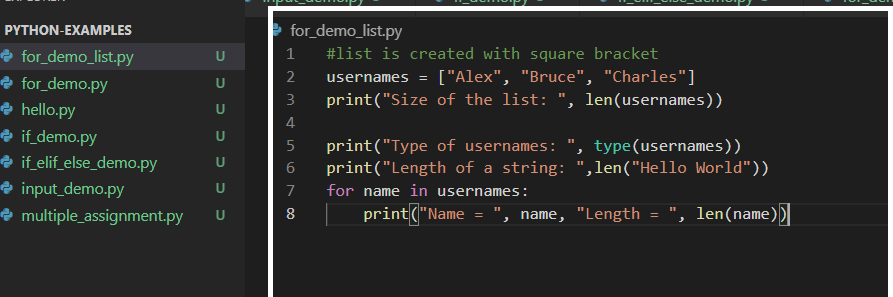


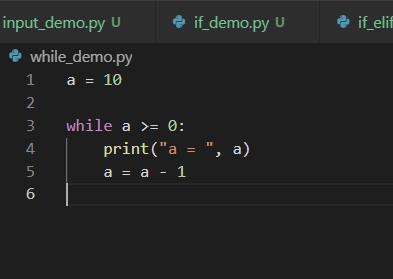
for loop

If you want to iterate over the list or tuples or dictionary or set you can use for loop and also you want to execute some statements sequentially then also you can use for loop

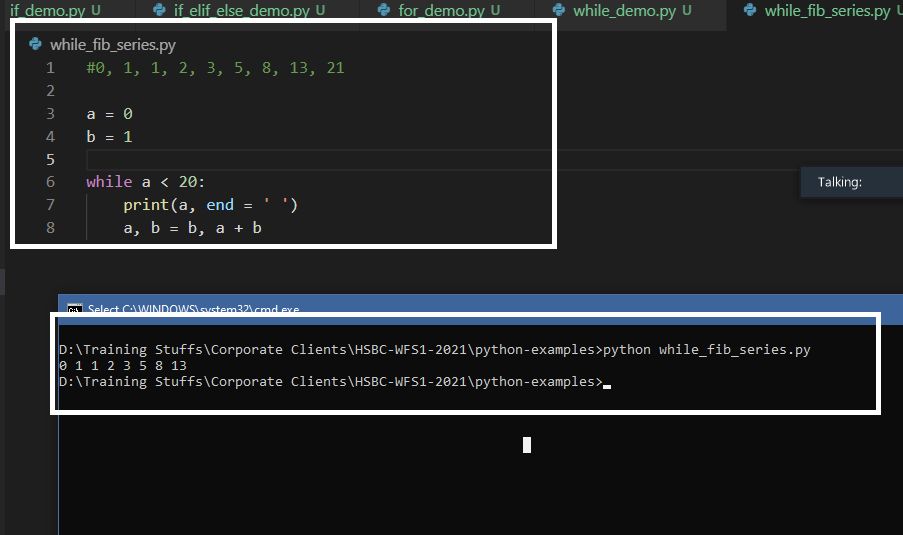


Iterating over the list



while loop  


Fibonacci series with while loop



Strings:

Use ‘r’ in the beginning of the string to consider the raw string

